

*Public Address Mixer/Amplifiers*  
*Configuration Manual*  
*NQ-PA120, NQ-PA240, NQ-PA600*

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**COMMUNICATIONS, INC.**

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# Configuring the Public Address Mixer/Amplifiers

Bogen's Nyquist-based Public Address Mixer/Amplifiers (PAMAs) are Digital Signal Processing (DSP) based integrated mixer and power amplifiers designed for paging and public address applications.

Available in 120, 240 and 600-watt models (NQ-PA120, NQ-PA240, NQ-PA600), the Public Address Amplifiers enable microphone and line-level source inputs to be integrated into the Nyquist system.

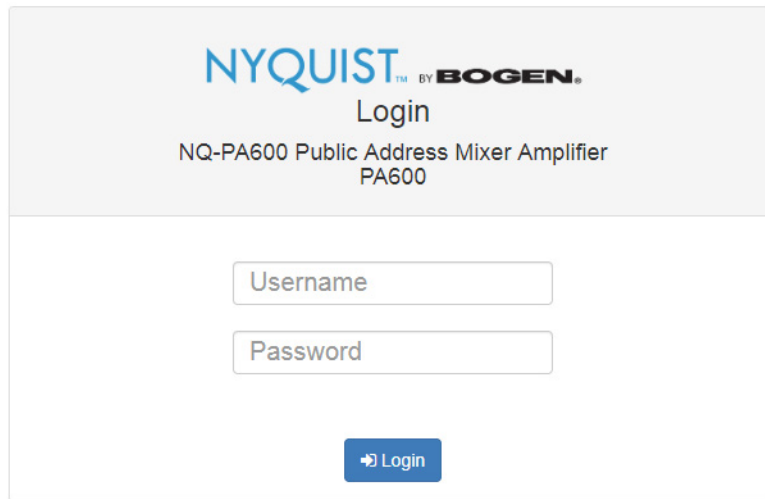
A short press of the appliance's **Reset** button reboots the device. If you press the **Reset** button for 10 seconds, the appliance returns to the factory default configuration settings. Returning to the default configuration settings does not change the appliance's firmware.

The following sections describe the process for manual configuration. For information about using Nyquist's automatic configuration process, refer to the appropriate **Nyquist System Administrator Manual**.

**Note:** Do not use third-party Chrome browser extensions with the Nyquist user interface.

*To access the appliance's UI:*

- Step 1      Access the appliance's web UI by doing one of the following:
  - a    On your web browser, enter the IP address for the appliance as the URL.
  - b    From the Nyquist web UI navigation bar, select **Stations**, select **Stations Status**, navigate to the device that you want to configure, and then select the **Link** icon.



The image shows the login page for the Nyquist Appliance. At the top, the logo "NYQUIST BY BOGEN" is displayed. Below the logo, the text "Login" is centered, followed by "NQ-PA600 Public Address Mixer Amplifier" and "PA600". The main area contains two input fields: "Username" and "Password". Below these fields is a blue button with a right-pointing arrow and the text "Login".

**Figure 1, Nyquist Appliance Login**

Step 2 At the Nyquist Appliance - Login page, enter username and password, and then select **Login**.

The default username is **admin**; the default password is **bogen**.

The dashboard for the selected appliance appears.



The image shows the dashboard for the Nyquist Appliance. At the top, the logo "NYQUIST BY BOGEN" is displayed. Below the logo, the text "NQ-PA600 Public Address Mixer Amplifier (PA600)" is centered. A horizontal menu bar contains several items: "Dashboard", "Configuration Settings", "Network Settings", "Firmware Update", "Logs", "DSP", "Help", "Manual", and "Logout". Below the menu bar, the "Dashboard" section is active, indicated by a blue icon and a blue circle. The dashboard displays the following information:

Device Type:	NQ-PA600
Serial Number:	172500100012
MAC Address:	64CFD94C07EF
Firmware Version:	1.2.890

**Figure 2, Appliance Dashboard**

# 1 Using the Dashboard

The dashboard displays the following read-only fields:

**Table 1, Appliance Dashboard Read-Only Fields**

<b>Device Type</b>	Identifies the physical device used by the station.
<b>Serial Number</b>	Identifies the serial number for the device.
<b>MAC Address</b>	Specifies the Media Access Control (MAC) address, which is a unique identifier assigned to network interfaces for communications on the physical network segment.
<b>Firmware Version</b>	Provides the firmware version installed on the station.

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The dashboard also contains the following buttons:

**Table 2, Appliance Dashboard Buttons**

<b>Dashboard</b>	Refreshes the dashboard.
<b>Configuration Settings</b>	Accesses the Configuration Settings page where you can either manually set various options, such as the SIP Username, or select to receive configuration settings from the server.
<b>Network Settings</b>	Accesses the Network Settings page where you can view and set network settings, such as the static IP address.
<b>Firmware Update</b>	Accesses the Firmware Update page where you can view the current Nyquist version, check for updates, restore factory settings, and reboot the appliance.
<b>Logs</b>	Accesses log files, which record either events or messages that occur when software runs and are used when troubleshooting the appliance.
<b>DSP</b>	Accesses the DSP page where you can view and set parameters for Digital Signal Processing (DSP).

**Table 2, Appliance Dashboard Buttons**

<b>Help</b>	Accesses the appliance's online help.
<b>Manual</b>	Displays the Nyquist Matrix Mixer Pre-Amp Configuration Manual.
<b>Logout</b>	Logs out of the appliance's dashboard.

---

## 2 Updating Firmware

When you select **Firmware Update** from the appliance's web UI, the Firmware Update page appears. From this page you can determine which Nyquist version the appliance is using and if an update is required. You can also use this page to restore factory settings and to reboot the appliance.

**Note:** A Nyquist appliance connected to the Nyquist network receives a configuration file from the Nyquist server that includes the latest firmware available from the server. If the firmware is later than the one installed on the appliance, an automatic firmware update occurs unless the **Firmware** parameter for the station is left blank. Refer to the *Nyquist System Administrator Manual* for more information.


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## Firmware Update

✓ Current Nyquist Version: 0.9.765  
New Nyquist Version: None

 Upload Firmware

 Restore Factory Settings

 Reboot Appliance

**Figure 3, Firmware Update Page**

*To use the Firmware Update page:*

- Step 1 On the appliance web UI's main page, select **Firmware Update** to ensure you have the latest firmware version.
- Step 2 Select **Upload Firmware** to upload firmware from the server to the appliance.

If you select this option, a popup screen appears that allows you to select the file that you want to upload. You can navigate to the file's location. After you select the file, select **Upload**. If Nyquist discovers a new firmware version, the Firmware Update page displays an **Update Firmware** button. Select this button if you want to update the appliance's firmware to the new version.

- Step 3 If you want to return your appliance to its original state (undoing firmware updates), select **Restore Factory Settings**.
- Step 4 Select **Reboot Appliance** to restart your appliance.

### 3 Setting Network Tab Parameters


Network settings can be configured dynamically by the Nyquist server or manually by using the appliance's web UI.

*To manually configure network settings:*

- Step 1 On the appliance web UI's main page, select **Network Settings**.
- Step 2 Select your desired network settings.
- Step 3 Select **Save**.

**Network Settings**

Static IP:	172.31.100.2
Netmask:	255.255.255.0
Gateway:	172.31.100.1
VLAN ID:	100
VLAN Priority:	5 - Voice ▾
NTP Server:	pool.ntp.org
TFTP Server:	172.31.100.1
DHCP Server Override:	Yes ▾
DHCP Enabled:	Yes ▾
Reboot Appliance:	No ▾

 Save

**Figure 4, Network Settings**

Network settings are described in the following table:

**Table 3, Network Settings**

<b>Static IP</b>	Identifies the fixed IP address assigned to the appliance by a system administrator.
<b>Netmask</b>	Identifies the subnetwork subdivision of an IP network.
<b>Gateway</b>	Identifies the address, or route, for the default gateway.
<b>VLAN ID</b>	Identifies the Virtual Local Area Network (VLAN) for this appliance. Values range from 0 to 4094.
<b>VLAN Priority</b>	Identifies the priority of the network traffic on the VLAN. Priority can range from 0 through 7.
<b>NTP Server</b>	Identifies the IP address or the domain name of the Network Time Protocol (NTP) Server. This field is read only.
<b>TFTP Server</b>	Identifies the IP address of the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) server. TFTP is used by Nyquist VoIP phone and appliance provisioning. A TFTP server runs on the Nyquist server on port 69 (the standard TFTP port #).
	Device provisioning files are stored on the Nyquist server in directory: <code>/srv/tftp</code> . This is the only directory exposed by the TFTP server.
<b>DHCP Server Override</b>	Indicates if you want to override the TFTP server information provided by the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) via option_66.
	DHCP supplies IP addresses to the Nyquist server and associated devices. It also supplies the TFTP server IP address or name via option_66.

**Table 3, Network Settings (Continued)**

<b>DHCP Enabled</b>	Indicates if the device is enabled to use DHCP.
<b>Reboot Appliance</b>	Allows you to save the network options and reboot the appliance.

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## 4 Setting Configuration Tab Parameters

The easiest way to configure Nyquist appliances is to obtain configuration settings from the Nyquist server by selecting **Get Configuration From Server**. However, you can manually configure an appliance through the appliance's Web UI.

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**Note:** Manual configuration will be overwritten by the server once the appliance is connected and discovered by the server.

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### *To manually configure your Nyquist appliance:*

- Step 1 On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **Configuration Settings**.
- Step 2 Select your desired settings.
- Step 3 Select **Save**.

The following table describes the Configuration tab settings:

**Table 4, Configuration Settings**

<b>Web Username</b>	Provide a web username for this appliance.
<b>Web Password</b>	Provide a web password for logging into the appliance.
<b>Web Confirm Password</b>	Re-enter the password used to log into the appliance.

**Table 4, Configuration Settings (Continued)**

<b>SIP Username</b>	Provide the username used for Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) device registration.
<b>SIP Password</b>	Provide the password used for SIP device registration.
<b>SIP Confirm Password</b>	Re-enter the password used for SIP device registration.
<b>Server</b>	Identifies the IP address of the Nyquist server.
<b>Local Port</b>	Identifies the local port.
<b>Emergency-All-Call</b>	Identifies the IP address, port number, and volume used for emergency all-calls pages.
<b>All-Call</b>	Identifies the IP address, port number, and volume used for all-calls pages.
<b>Audio Distribution</b>	Identifies the IP address, port number, and volume used for audio distribution.
<b>Multicast #</b>	Identifies the multicast IP address for a zone that the speaker is included in. If a speaker is added to multiple zones, the multicast IP address for each zone appears.

The following parameters appear for each port associated with the appliance:

<b>Port Number</b>	Identifies the port number of the appliance.
<b>Port Type</b>	Identifies the device type that the port connects to.
<b>Account ID</b>	Provides the SIP account (IP address) associated with the device preceded by the extension of the device associated with this port.
<b>Local Port</b>	Provides the port used for SIP.
<b>Username</b>	Identifies the username or extension for the station associated with the port.

## 5 Accessing Log Files

A log file records either events or messages that occur when software runs and is used when troubleshooting the appliance. From the appliance's web-based UI, log files can be viewed directly or exported via download to your PC, Mac, or Android device and then copied to removable media or attached to an email to technical support.

*To view a log file:*

- Step 1 On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **Logs**.
- Step 2 From the drop-down menu, select the log that you want to view.

Multiple versions of the same log and zipped copies of the log may be available.

- Step 3 To export the file, select **Export**.  
A link to a .txt file appears in the screen's lower left.

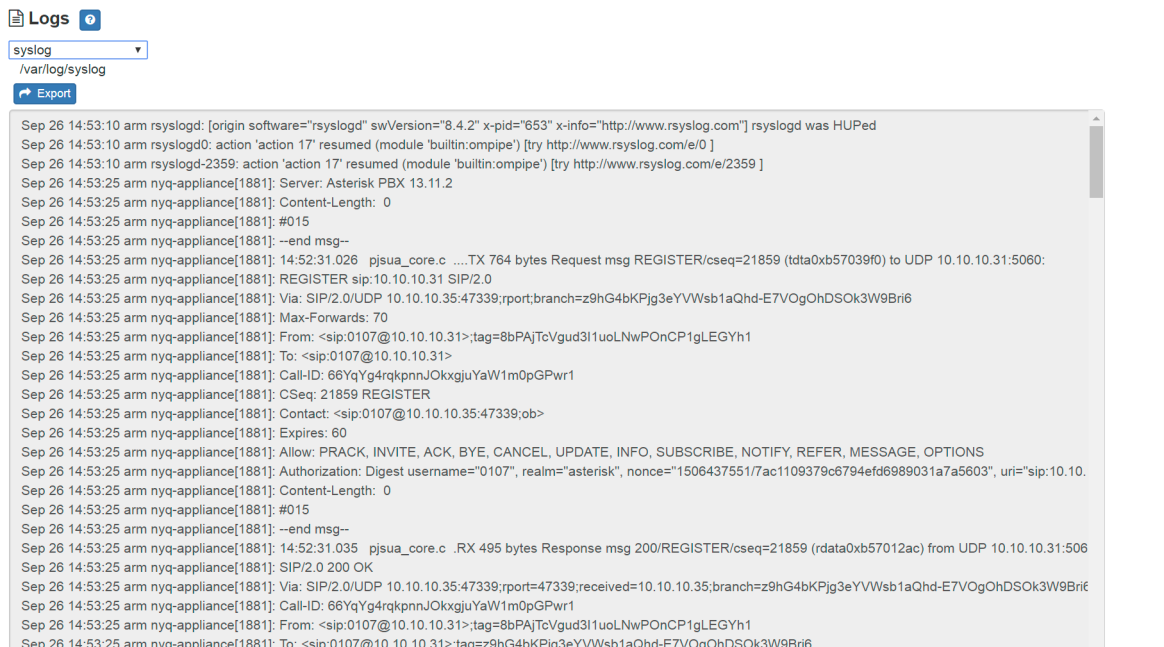


Figure 5, Logs

Available logs are described in the following table:

**Table 5, Logs**

<b>Log</b>	<b>Description</b>
alternatives.log	Contains information by the update-alternatives, which maintain symbolic links determining default commands.
ampws.log	Contains information about protection status and logs protection events with temperature information at the time of event.
auth.log	Contains system authorization information, including user logins and authentication methods that were used.
bootstrap.log	Contains information actions, errors, and warnings that occur during booting of the appliance.
btmpt	Contains information about failed login attempts.
daemon.log	Contains information logged by the various background daemons that run on the system.
debug	Contains errors and debug information.
dmesg	Contains kernel ring buffer information. When the system boots up, the screen displays information about the hardware devices that the kernel detects during the boot process. These messages are available in the kernel ring buffer, and whenever a new message comes, the old message gets overwritten.
dpkg.log	Contains information that is logged when a package is installed or removed using dpkg command.
faillog	Contains user failed login attempts.
kern.log	Contains information logged by the kernel and recent login information for all users.
lastlog	Contains information on the last login of each user.
messages	Contains messages generated by Nyquist.
php5-fpm.log	Contains errors generated by the PHP script.

**Table 5, Logs (Continued)**

Log	Description
syslog	Contains list of errors that occur when the server is running and server start and stop records
user.log	Contains information about all user level logs.
wtmp	Contains historical record of users logins at which terminals, logouts, system events, and current status of the system, and system boot time.
wvdialconf.log	Contains basic information about the modem port, speed, init string, and Internet Service Provider (ISP).

## 6 Setting DSP Parameters

When you select **DSP** from the appliance's web UI, the DSP page appears.



**Figure 6, DSP Page with Channel Drop-Down Menu**

From this page, you can set parameters for DSP, which is a form of processing that uses bit data to simulate characteristics found in

analog circuits. With DSP, you can alter analog signals, such as audio or video signals, that have been converted to a digital format.

The DSP page shows **Mute** and **Level** selections for four input channels and allows you to do the following:

- View **Signal** and **Clip** LEDs for each channel.
- Set the channel level for the six input and two output channels.
- Select if the input channels use **Line** or **Mic** input. (See "Selecting Input Type, Mic Gain, and Phantom Power" on page 16.)
- Set **Mic Gain** for an input channel using **Mic** as the input. (See "Selecting Input Type, Mic Gain, and Phantom Power" on page 16.)
- Control **Phantom Power** for any channel using Mic as the input.

Selecting the down arrow next to a channel number displays a menu of other parameters. Some of these parameters affect all channels, in which case a channel number does not appear on the top of the graphic. If a parameter affects only the selected channel, a channel number appears on the selected parameter graphic.

DSP parameters and the **Mute** and **Level** buttons are described in the following table.

**Table 6, DSP Page**

<b>Mute</b>	Silences the audio for the selected channel.
<b>Level</b>	Adjusts the channel volume level in 1 dB increments.
<b>Compressor</b>	Lessens the dynamic range between the loudest and quietest parts of an audio signal.
<b>Ducker</b>	Lowers, or ducks, the output of a channel when another signal is encountered.
<b>Graphic EQ</b>	Uses fixed frequencies to tailor the frequency content of an audio signal.
<b>Limiter</b>	Prevents a signal from exceeding a certain pre-set maximum level.
<b>Noise Gate</b>	Eliminates low-level hiss, noise, or leakage, particularly when there is a high level of ambient noise.

Table 6, DSP Page (Continued)

Parametric EQ	Uses a center/primary frequency to all tailoring of the frequency content of an audio signal.
Router	Routes audio to different devices.
Settings	Allows you to provide names and colors for the input and output channels.
Status	Provides real-time status of the selected channel.

You can set **Limiter** parameters for the output signal or set global Ducker and Router settings by selecting the option you want from the drop-down menu available for the output.



Figure 7, DSP Output Options

## 6.1 Setting the Channel Level

The Channel Level control is a vertical slider that is adjusted in 1 dB increments and that controls the input or output levels to and from the mixer. The Channel Levels can range from -60 dB to 12 dB. If you place the mouse over the slider, the numerical value of the level appears.

## 6.2 Signal LED, Clip LED, and VU Meter

To the right of the Channel Level control are the Signal and Clip LEDs and the VU meter.

The green **Signal** LED automatically illuminates when a signal is being received. The red **Clip** LED automatically illuminates when the signal is clipping, or attempting to deliver an output voltage or current beyond its maximum capability. Clipping will distort the sound and can damage a speaker.

The VU meter not only illuminates green, yellow, or red (depending on the signal level) but also has a scale ranging from -60 to 0 to help you indicate the actual signal level.

## 6.3 Muting a Channel

You can mute a channel to cut off an audio signal and stop the production of sound.

*To mute a channel:*

- Step 1 On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **DSP**.
- Step 2 On the **Mute** row for the channel that you want to silence, select **Enable**.

The **Enable** LED will illuminate red. You can select the **Enable** button again to unmute the channel.

.

## 6.4 Adjusting Volume Levels

Adjusts the channel volume level in 1 dB increments. The level can be set at a maximum of +10 dB to a minimum of -80 dB.

*To adjust the channel volume level:*

- Step 1      On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **DSP**.
- Step 2      Use the slider for the channel's **Level** row to adjust the level.

## 6.5            **Selecting Input Type, Mic Gain, and Phantom Power**

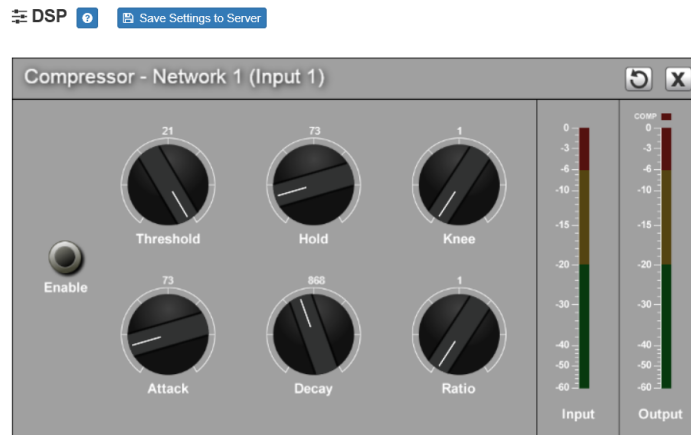
Just above the labels for the input channels is a slider that allows you to select either **Line** or **Mic** as the input.

If you select **Mic** as the input, you can adjust the **Mic Gain** dial and select if the microphone will use phantom power. Phantom power is electrical power that is sent to a condenser mic through its mic cable. The cable must have XLR connectors to pass phantom power.

**Note:** If you disconnect the microphone from the appliance but leave the input set to **Mic**, you may experience random static coming from the line-out or speaker. **Mic** should only be selected as the input when a microphone is attached to the appliance.

## 6.6            **Adjusting Compression Settings**

A compressor slightly reduces the dynamic range of a signal. This effect is perceived to quiet loud sounds and boost quiet sounds. A compressor smooths transients. Compressor parameters are set per channel. The Compressor dialog box has LEDs for the input and output signals.



**Figure 8, Compressor Settings**

*To adjust the compressor settings for a channel:*

- Step 1 On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **DSP**.
- Step 2 Select the **Menu** button for the channel.
- Step 3 From the drop-down menu, select **Compressor**.
- Step 4 Make desired adjustments using the controls described in "Compressor Settings" on page 17.

**Note:** If you want to return to the factory settings, select the **Reset** icon that appears in the right corner.

- Step 5 Select **Enable** to apply the settings to the selected channel.

**Table 7, Compressor Settings**

<b>Threshold</b>	Sets the threshold level, which is the point where the signal activates the compressor circuit. The range is -135 to +21 dB.
<b>Attack</b>	Sets how fast the compressor turns on when the audio signal passes the threshold level. The range is 1 to 500 ms.

**Table 7, Compressor Settings**

<b>Hold</b>	Sets how long the compressor is on after the signal has fallen below the threshold. The range is 1 to 500 ms.
<b>Decay</b>	Sets the rate of turn off of the compressor after the signal is below the threshold. The range is 0 to 2000 ms.
<b>Knee</b>	Sets how the compressor reacts to signals once the threshold is reached. Increasing the knee level decreases the obvious transition from the uncompressed to the compressed sound. The range is 1 to 100.
<b>Ratio</b>	Sets the compression ratio. For example, if the ratio is set for 6 (6:1), the input signal must cross the threshold by 6 dB for the output level to increase by 1 dB. The range is 1 to 100.

## **6.7 Ducker**

Ducking is an audio effect in which the level of one audio signal is reduced by the presence of another signal. For example, if background music is playing when a page is made, the ducker will sense the presence of audio from a paging microphone and trigger a reduction in the output of the music signal for the duration of the page. The ducker restores the original level for the background music once the page is over.



**Figure 9, Ducker Parameters**

*To adjust the ducker settings for a channel:*

- Step 1 On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **DSP**.
- Step 2 Select the **Menu** button for the channel or select the **Menu** button for the **Output**.
- Step 3 From the drop-down menu, select **Ducker**.

**Note:** If you want to return to the factory settings, select the **Reset** icon that appears in the right corner.

- Step 4 Make desired adjustments using the controls described in the following table:

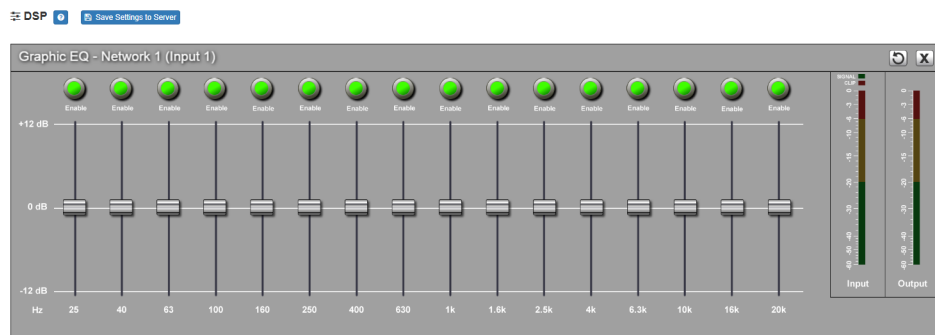
**Table 8, Ducker Parameters**

<b>Threshold</b>	Sets the threshold level, or how loud the signal has to be, before ducking is enabled. The range is -135 to +20 dB.
<b>Hold</b>	Sets how long the master continues to duck the signal after the signal is below the threshold. The range is 1 to 500ms.
<b>Master</b>	Select the channel that serves as the master, or unducked, channel. The audio on this channel has priority; audio for all other channels is ducked.
<b>Ducked</b>	Select the channel or channels that will be ducked when the threshold is reached on the master channel.

## 6.8 Adjusting the Graphic Equalizer

The graphic equalizer allows you to use fixed frequencies to tailor the frequency content of an audio signal. This allows you to tailor the audio signal frequency content to optimize the frequency response of the sound system.

The graphic equalizer parameters are set per channel.



**Figure 10, Graphic EQ Settings**

*To adjust the graphic equalizer settings for a channel:*

- Step 1      On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **DSP**.
- Step 2      Select the **Menu** button for the channel.
- Step 3      From the drop-down menu, select **Graphic EQ**.

The Graphic EQ provides 16 slider knobs that can be moved between +12 dB and -12 dB. The frequency of each slider is different and range from 25 Hz to 20,000 (20k) Hz. By default, each knob is set at 0 dB, which means that no frequencies are being boosted or cut.

**Note:** For the best results, frequencies should be cut only. Boosting frequencies to compensate for room dimensions or speaker response deficiencies usually results in a loss of headroom in the signal chain.

- Step 4      Adjust frequencies as desired, ensuring the **Enable** LEDs are green for the selected frequencies.

**Note:** If you want to return to the factory settings, select the **Reset** icon that appears in the right corner.

## 6.9 Setting High/Low Pass Parameters

You can set the band of frequencies that will pass through the high pass and low pass filters and select the type of filter that is used through the channel's **High/Low Pass** drop-down menu option.



**Figure 11, High/Low Pass Parameters**

*To adjust the high/low pass parameters for a channel:*

- Step 1 On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **DSP**.
- Step 2 Select the **Menu** button for the channel.
- Step 3 From the drop-down menu, select **High/Low Pass**.

**Note:** If you want to return to the factory settings, select the **Reset** icon that appears in the right corner.

- Step 4 Set the parameters described in the following table:

**Table 9, High Pass/Low Pass Parameters**

***High Pass (Low Cut)***

This feature helps eliminate low frequency noise (signals of 100 Hz and below, such as background rumble from ventilation systems, etc.) and is used primarily with microphone level input. It is particularly effective when hand held microphones are used.

**Frequency**

Set the cutoff frequency. You can adjust the frequencies by moving the knob or by double-clicking the knob and typing the frequency. When typing the frequency, only numeric values from 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz can be entered.

The high pass filter attenuates content below this frequency and lets frequencies above this cutoff frequency to pass through the filter.

**Type**

Available filter types are:

- Linkwitz-Riley (12, 24, and 36 dB per Octave)
- Butterworth (12, 18, and 24 dB per Octave)
- Bessel (12, 18, and 24 dB per Octave)

The filter type name and the selected dB appear above the knob.

**Table 9, High Pass/Low Pass Parameters (Continued)**

***Low Pass (High Cut)***

This feature helps eliminate high frequency noise (signals of 8000 Hz and above) such as background hiss and sibilance (excessive "S" in vocals, etc.) and is used primarily with microphone level input. It is particularly effective when hand held microphones are used.

<b>Frequency</b>	<p>Set the cutoff frequency. You can adjust the frequencies by moving the knob or by double-clicking the knob and typing the frequency. When typing the frequency, only numeric values from 20 to 20,000 can be entered.</p> <p>The low pass filter attenuates content above this frequency and lets frequencies below this cutoff level to pass through the filter.</p>
<b>Type</b>	<p>Available filter types are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Linkwitz-Riley (12, 24, and 36 dB per Octave)</li><li>• Butterworth (12, 18, and 24 dB per Octave)</li><li>• Bessel (12, 18, and 24 dB per Octave)</li></ul> <p>The dB per Octave refers to how steep the roll off of the filter is after the selected cutoff frequency.</p> <p>The filter type name and the selected dB appear above the knob.</p>

Band pass filters consist of a High Pass/Low Cut and a Low Pass/High Cut filter. This arrangement can be useful for tailoring the frequency response of a microphone exclusively for vocals, sometimes useful in a very noisy environment to filter out the higher and lower frequencies that could mask the human vocal range during announcements.

## 6.10 Adjusting the Limiter

A limiter is a compressor with a high slope that is used to prevent a signal exceeding a set decibel level. Limiters are used as safeguards against signal clipping. Limiter parameters are set per channel.



**Figure 12, Limiter Settings**

*To adjust the limiter settings for a channel:*

- Step 1 On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **DSP**.
- Step 2 Select the **Menu** button for the channel or select the **Menu** button for the **Output**.
- Step 3 From the drop-down menu, select **Limiter**.

**Note:** If you want to return to the factory settings, select the **Reset** icon that appears in the right corner.

- Step 4 Adjust the following settings as needed:

**Table 10, Limiter Settings**

<b>Threshold</b>	Sets the signal level at which the limiter is enabled. The range is -24 to +24 dB.
------------------	--

**Table 10, Limiter Settings (Continued)**

<b>Decay</b>	Sets the rate for turn off of the limiter after the signal is below the threshold. Decay range is 5 to 2300 milliseconds.
<b>RMSTC</b>	Sets how fast the limiter reacts to the above threshold signal. RMSTC range is 50 to 10000.

## 6.11 Adjusting Noise Gate Settings

A noise gate controls the volume of an audio signal by attenuating by a fixed amount the signals that register below the threshold.



**Figure 13, Noise Gate Settings**

*To adjust the noise gate settings for a channel:*

- Step 1 On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **DSP**.
- Step 2 Select the **Menu** button for the channel.

Step 3 From the drop-down menu, select **Noise Gate**.

**Note:** If you want to return to the factory settings, select the **Reset** icon that appears in the right corner.

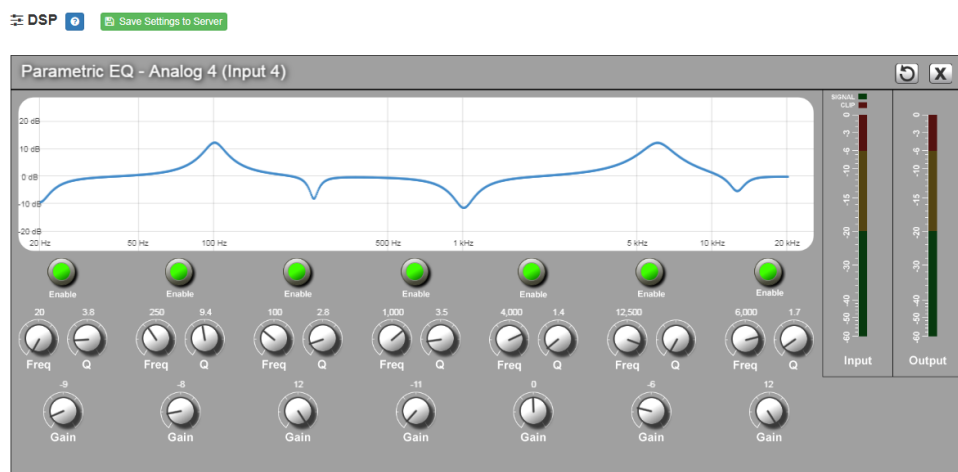
Step 4 Adjust the following settings as needed:

**Table 11, Noise Gate Settings**

<b>Threshold</b>	Sets the threshold level that the signal must be below for the noise gate to “close” (prevent the sound from getting through). Threshold range is -135 to +21 db.
<b>Attack</b>	Adjusts how long it takes for the gate to open once the signal falls below the threshold. Attack range is 1 to 500 ms.
<b>Hold</b>	Defines the length of time the gate will stay fully open after the signal falls below the threshold. Hold range is 1 to 500 ms.
<b>Decay</b>	Sets the rate for turn off of the gate after the signal is below the threshold. Decay range is 0 to 2000 ms.

## 6.12 Adjusting Parametric Equalizer Settings

A parametric equalizer is a multi-band variable equalizer that allows control of frequency amplitude (boost/cut), center frequency, and frequency bandwidth, or Q.



**Figure 14, Parametric Equalizer Settings**

The parameter equalizer settings for your device allows you to adjust the Q and gain for seven separate frequencies, which then become plot points on the screen's graph.

*To adjust the parametric equalizer settings for a channel:*

- Step 1 On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **DSP**.
- Step 2 Select the **Menu** button for the channel.
- Step 3 From the drop-down menu, select **Parametric EQ**.

**Note:** If you want to return to the factory settings, select the **Reset** icon that appears in the right corner.

- Step 4 Adjust frequencies as desired, ensuring the **Enable** LEDs are green for each selected frequency. You can adjust the frequencies by moving the **Freq** knob or by double-clicking the knob and typing the frequency. When typing the frequency, only numeric values from 20 to 20,000 can be entered.
- Step 5 Make desired **Q** adjustments by adjusting knob (or double-clicking and typing the desired adjustment. Q

can be from 0.1 to 20 and sets how wide to either side of the selected frequency the adjacent frequencies are affected.

Q is the Quality or Quality Factor which refers to the bandwidth of one band of a parametric equalizer. Q is calculated by dividing the center frequency in Hz by the width of the boost or cut zone +3 dB or -3 dB above or below 0 dB.

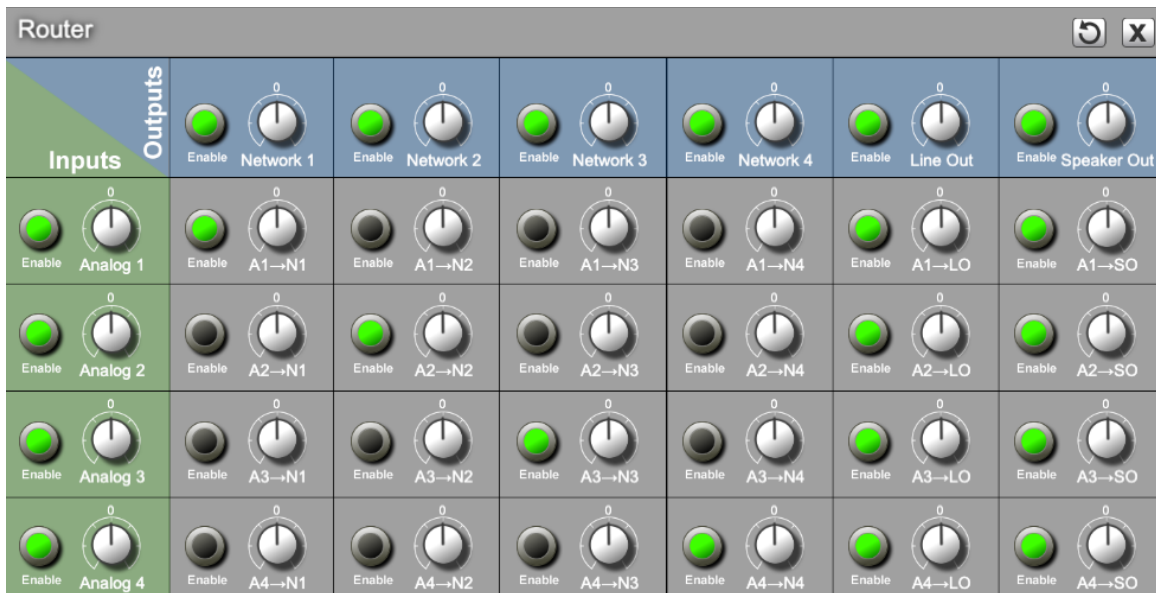
Step 6 For each frequency, use the **Gain** knob or double-click the knob and type the gain to either boost (turn up\_ or cut (turn down).

**Gain** knobs can be moved between +12 or -12 dB. By default, each knob is set at 0 dB, which means that no frequencies are being boosted or cut.

Step 7 Select **Save Settings to Server**.

## 6.13 Adjusting Router Settings

Router settings allow you to manipulate signal gain settings in the DSP. The Router is also used to adjust the mix of audio to each output of the appliance. You can access the Router page from the drop-down menus of each channel, but only one router exists for the appliance.



**Figure 15, Router Settings**

*To adjust the router settings:*

- Step 1 On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **DSP**.
- Step 2 Select the **Menu** button for the channel or select the **Menu** button for the **Output**.
- Step 3 From the drop-down menu, select **Router**.

**Note:** If you want to return to the factory settings, select the **Reset** icon that appears in the right corner.

- Step 4 Adjust the input, output, and cross gain settings as desired.
- Step 5 To route a signal to a specific output, select the Input's Enable button so that it changes from gray to green.

This signal can be sent to Network 1, 2, 3 or 4 or to the Analog for the Line Output or Speaker Out, or to all.

Network outputs are signals that are sent over the

Nyquist network to other stations or appliances.

The Analog output is sent to the **Line Output** or **Speaker Out** balanced connector on the rear panel of the appliance.

Signals from Channels 1 to 4 can be mixed to each output as desired. Multiple input signals can be mixed to multiple outputs or to a single output. Likewise, outputs are enabled by selecting the **Enable** button for the selected outputs (turning the button from gray to green).

## 6.14 Settings

You can set select names and colors for each of the input and output channels.



The image shows a 'Settings' window with a title bar containing a refresh icon and a close button. The window contains a table with two columns: 'Name' and 'Color'. The table lists six input channels and two output channels. Each channel has a text field for the name and a dropdown menu for the color, currently set to 'Grey'. A green 'Save' button is located at the bottom right of the window.

	Name	Color
Input 1:	Analog 1	Grey
Input 2:	Analog 2	Grey
Input 3:	Analog 3	Grey
Input 4:	Analog 4	Grey
Input 5:	Network 1	Grey
Input 6:	Network 2	Grey
Output 1:	Line Out	Grey
Output 2:	Speaker Out	Grey

Figure 16, Settings Parameters

*To adjust the settings for a channel:*

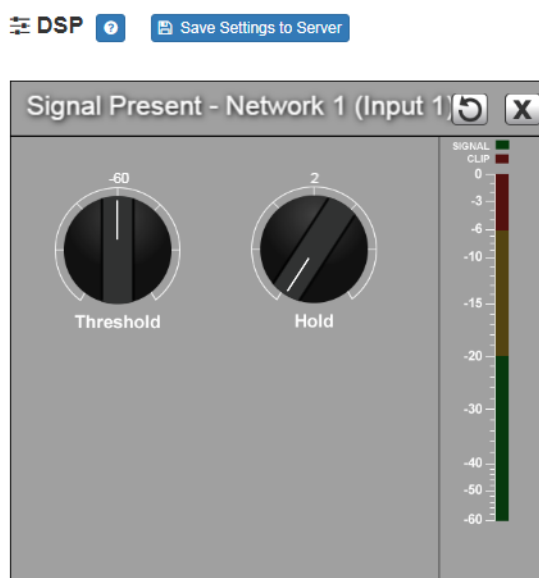
- Step 1 On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **DSP**.
- Step 2 Select the **Menu** button for the channel.
- Step 3 From the drop-down menu, select **Settings**.

**Note:** If you want to return to the factory settings, select the **Reset** icon that appears in the right corner.

- Step 4 For each channel, type the name that you want to display for the channel.
- Step 5 For each channel, select a color that will be used to highlight the channel.
- Step 6 Select **Save**.

## 6.15 Signal Present

You can set parameters for when a channel accepts a signal. You can set specific parameters for each input channel and for the output channel.



**Figure 17, Signal Present Parameters**

*To adjust the Signal Present settings for a channel:*

- Step 1 On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **DSP**.
- Step 2 Select the **Menu** button for the channel.
- Step 3 From the drop-down menu, select **Signal Present**.

**Note:** If you want to return to the factory settings, select the **Reset** icon that appears in the right corner.

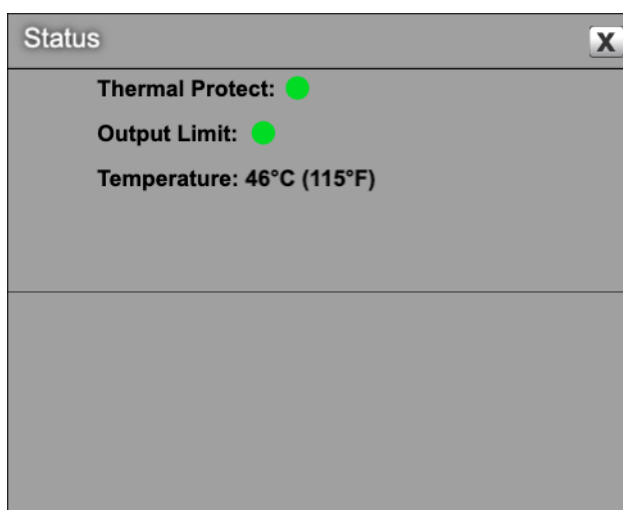
- Step 4 Adjust the following settings as needed.

**Table 12, Signal Present Parameters**

<b>Threshold</b>	Sets the threshold level, or at what level the <b>Signal</b> LED is illuminated.
<b>Hold</b>	Sets the number of milliseconds that the signal light stays on after the signal is no longer present.

## 6.16 Status

The Status selection for the power amplifier provides LEDs for thermal protection and clipping and a real-time reading of the appliance's temperature.



**Figure 18, Status**

*To view status for the power amplifier:*

- Step 1 On the appliance Web UI's main page, select **DSP**.
- Step 2 Select the **Menu** button for the channel.
- Step 3 From the drop-down menu, select **Status**.  
The view only information that appears is described in the following table:

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**Table 13, Status**

<b>Thermal Protect</b>	Appears red if the equipment has become too hot and has placed itself into protection mode. Otherwise, the LED is green.
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**Table 13, Status (Continued)**

<b>Output Limit</b>	Appears red if the output signal is being clipped or distorted. Otherwise, the LED is green.
<b>Temperature</b>	Provides the real-time temperature of the appliance in both Celsius and Fahrenheit.